Sri Kaliswari College (Autonomous), Sivakasi

Department of Mathematics

Course Outcomes

B.Sc. Mathematics

S.N o	Course Code	Course Name		Course Outcomes
				SEMESTER- I
		CO2[K2 CO3[K3 Core Course – I : Algebra & Trigonometry CO4[K4	CO1[K1]:	state the characterization of reciprocal equations, sum of binomial,exponential, logarithmic, trigonometric series, eigen values, eigen vectors of a matrix and expansion of trigonometric functions
	23UMAC11		CO2[K2]:	demonstrate the method of solving reciprocal equations, expansion oftrigonometric functions, characteristic property of hyperbolic functions, Cayley-Hamilton theorem, summation of series
1.			CO3[K3]:	find eigen values, eigen vectors of a matrix, solution of reciprocal equations , sum of binomial, exponential, logarithmic,trigonometric functions
			CO4[K4]:	explain the classification of reciprocal equations, relationship between circular and hyperbolic functions, the method of diagonalization of square matrices and the sum of binomial, exponential, logarithmic, trigonometric series
			CO5[K5]:	determine the solution of reciprocal equations, sum of binomial,exponential, logarithmic, trigonometric series, powers and inverse of a square matrix and the expansion of trigonometric functions
2.	23UMAC12	Core Course –II : Differential Calculus	CO1[K1]:	describe nth derivative, partial derivative, total derivative of functions and the method of finding envelope and curvature

			CO2[K2]: CO3[K3]: CO4[K4]: CO5[K5]:	exemplify successive differentiation, partial differentiation, the envelope of given family of curves, evolute, involute and curvature of curves apply successive differentiation and partial differentiation in finding envelope and curvature analyze the method of finding successive differentiation, partialdifferentiation, envelope and curvature determine successive differentiation, partial differentiation of functions, envelope of family of curves and curvature of a curve
3.	23UMAS11	Skill Enhancement Course I: Foundation Course: Bridge Mathematics	CO1[K1]: CO2[K2]: CO3[K3]: CO4[K4]: CO5[K5]:	recall the basics of mathematics explain the fundamentals of mathematics solve simple problems in Algebra, Sequences and Series, Permutations and Combinations, Trigonometry and Calculus interpret the elementary concepts of Algebra, Sequences and Series, Permutations and Combinations, Trigonometry and Calculus assess the formulae and identities in the branches of mathematics, namely, Algebra, Sequences and Series, Permutations and Combinations, Trigonometry and Calculus
4.	23UMAN11	Skill Enhancement Course II: Non Major Elective Course : Mathematics for Competitive Examinations	CO1[K1]: CO2[K2]: CO3[K3]: CO4[K4]: CO5[K5]:	list out the basic mathematical formulae explain the methods of solving aptitude problems manipulate arithmetic operations to solve aptitude problems analyze and make sense of the given data choose the most appropriate method to solve aptitude problems SEMESTER- II
5.	23UMAC21	Core Course III : Analytical Geometry(Two & Three	CO1[K1]:	describe two-dimensional and three – dimensional Cartesian co- ordinates and the geometric objects line, plane, sphere on the co- ordinate system

		Dimensions)	CO2[K2]:	find pole, polar for conics, diameters, conjugate diameters for ellipseand
				hyperbola, equation of straight lines, circles, planes and spheres
			CO3[K3]:	solve the problems on two-dimensional and three – dimensional
				geometric shapes
			CO4[K4]:	analyze the characteristics and properties of two-dimensional and three
				– dimensional geometric shapes
			CO5[K5]:	evaluate the system of two-dimensional and three – dimensional
				geometric shapes
			CO1[K1]:	recognize the types of reduction formulae, methods of finding integrals
	23UMAC22			of algebraic, trigonometric, logarithmic functions, the properties of
		Core Course IV : Integral Calculus		double and triple integrals, beta and gamma functions
			CO2[K2]:	explain the relation between beta and gamma functions, geometric
				andphysical applications of integral calculus
6.			CO3[K3]:	solve multiple integrals and to find the areas of curved surfaces
				andvolumes of solids of revolution
			CO4[K4]:	investigate the types of reduction formula, techniques of integration, the
				properties of beta and gamma functions
			CO5[K5]:	evaluate double and triple integrals, indefinite integrals using beta and
				gamma functions
			CO1[K1]:	state the formula for finding descriptive measures of statistics
		Skill Enhancement	CO2[K2]:	describe the statistical method of classifying data and finding
		Course IV: Non Major		descriptive measures of statistics
7	23UMAN21	Elective Course :	CO3[K3]:	apply the statistical methods and techniques to find numerical
		Statistics for Data		measures of quantitative data
		Analytics	CO4[K4]:	classify and investigate the quantitative data to obtain descriptive
				measures of statistics

			CO5[K5]:	choose the appropriate measure of statistics for the given quantitative data		
	SEMESTER- III					
			CO1[K1]:	state the identities and operations in vector calculus		
			CO2[K2]:	explain the basic concepts of vector differentiation and vector		
				integration		
			CO3[K3]:	find the important quantities associated with vector fields such as		
		Core Course V – :		gradient, divergence, curl and the line, surface, volume integration of		
8.	23UMAC31	Vector Calculus and		vector functions		
		Applications	CO4[K4]:	verify the identities involving vector quantities and the theorems of		
				Gauss', Stoke's, Green's		
			CO5[K5]:	evaluate vector identities and their effectiveness in manipulating		
				vectorexpressions to solve real life situations		
			CO1[K1]:	describe the basic concepts of ordinary and partial Differential Equations		
			CO2[K2]:	identify the types of Ordinary and Partial Differential Equationssolve the		
				Ordinary and Partial Differential Equations of first order and second order		
		Core Course – VI :	CO3[K3]:	solve the Ordinary and Partial Differential Equations of first order and		
9.	23UMAC32	Differential Equations and Applications		second order		
			CO4[K4]:	examine the different forms of Ordinary and Partial Differential		
				Equations for finding the solutions		
			CO5[K5]:	determine the appropriate method of solving Ordinary and Partial		
				Differential Equations.		
			CO1[K1]:	describe the basic terminologies in statistical analysis of quantitative		
		Elective Course		data		
10.	23UMAA31	Generic/ Discipline Specific - III:	CO2[K2]:	explain the basic statistical methods and techniques indata analysis		
		Mathematical Statistics	CO3[K3]:	apply the statistical methods and techniques to find numerical measures of quark techniques and the statistical methods and the statistical methods are statistical to the statistical methods and the statistical methods are statistical to the statistical methods and the statistical methods are statistical to the statistical technique at the statistica		
				antitativedata and		

			CO4[K4]: CO5[K5]:	calculatemathematicalexpectationandgeneratingfunctionofrandomvaria bles analyzethepropertiesof statistical measures and distributionfunctionsofrandomvariables determinethe appropriate measure that represent the whole quantitative data in hand and the curvethatbestfitthegivendata
11.	23UMAS3P	Skill Enhancement Course- V : (Entrepreneurial Skill) - Practical: Web Designing	CO1[K2]: CO2[K3]: CO3[K4]: CO4[K5]: CO5[K6]:	explain the features of HTML, CSS and Java Script use HTML, CSS and Java Script program codings/commands toprepare a webpage identify and rectify errors in HTML, CSS and Java Script codings select and manage tools of HTML, CSS and Java Script prepare a web page
12.	23UMAS3Q	Skill Enhancement Course – VI: Practical: LaTex	CO1[K2]: CO2[K3]: CO3[K4]: CO4[K5]: CO5[K6]:	explain the features of Latex use Latex program codings/commands to prepare academic document identify and rectify errors while run a Latex program select and manage tools of Latex prepare a document using Latex
		[0045741	SEMESTER- IV
13.	23UMAC41	Core Course –VII : Industrial Statistics	CO1[K1]: CO2[K2]: CO3[K3]: CO4[K4]:	describe the basic statistical methods and techniques in data analytics explain the importance of statistical quality control, time series trend values, analysis of variance and randomized experimental design apply the statistical tools and techniques to manage product quality, compare variances across the means, predict future interpret the conclusion drawn by the statistical methods of quality control, time series, analysis of variance and randomized experiment

			CO5[K5]:	design, events and draw valid inference estimate a valid statistical inference by the statistical methods of quality control, time series, analysis of variance and randomized experiment design, events and draw valid inference	
			CO1[K1]:	describe the fundamental concepts of sets and functions, sequences and	
				series of real numbers, continuous function on a metric space	
			CO2[K2]:	explain the various tests for the convergence of sequences and series of real numbers	
14.	23UMAC42	Core Course – VIII : Elements of	CO3[K3]:	apply the abstract concepts to produce proofs of results that arise in the context of real analysis	
		Mathematical Analysis	CO4[K4]:		
			CO5[K5]:	determine the bounds and limits of real sequences, the sum of real series	
			CO1[K1]:	describe the basic concepts in numerical analysis	
			CO2[K2]:	explain the methods of solving algebraic, transcendental, simultaneous equations, finding numerical differentiation and integration	
		Elective Course	CO3[K3]:	equations, finding numerical differentiation and integration apply numerical methods to obtain approximate solutions of algebraic, transcendental and simultaneous equations, numerical differentiation	
		Generic/Discipline		and integration of given functions	
15.	23UMAA41	Specific - IV: Numerical	CO4[K4]:	examine the numerical solution of algebraic, transcendental,	
		Methods with		simultaneous equations, numerical differentiation and integration of	
		Applications	COFFUEL	functions and interpolating values of the given data	
			CO5[K5]:	determine the appropriate method of solving algebraic, transcendental, simultaneous equations numerically, finding	
				numerical differentiation and integration of functions and	
				findingmissing values of a given data	

			CO1[V1]	state the basis functions of CDCC
			CO1[K1]:	statethe basic functions of SPSS
4.6		Skill Enhancement	CO2[K2]:	explain various procedures in SPSS to perform statistical data analysis
			CO3[K3]:	solve statistical problems through a hoc analysis, hypothesis testing and
16.	23UMAS4P	Course – VII: Practical:		predictive analysis using SPSS
		Statistics with SPSS	CO4[K4]:	analyze and interpret statistical data through SPSS
			CO5[K5]:	select and manage SPSS software with flexible deployment options
			CO1[K1]:	statethe fundamental commands and syntax of R
			CO2[K2]:	explain the steps to perform data analysis in R
17		Skill Enhancement	CO2[K2]:	use R programming to analyze quantitative data
17.	23UMAS4Q	Course – VIII: Practical:		
		Data Analysis using R	CO4[K4]:	identify and rectify errors while running R program
			CO5[K5]:	select and manage tools of R
				SEMESTER- V
			CO1[K1]:	state the fundamental concepts of groups and rings
			CO2[K2]:	identify the algebraic structures of groups and rings
10		Core Course – IX :	CO3[K3]:	apply the abstract concepts to produce proofs of results that arise inthe
19.	23UMAC51	Abstract Algebra		context of groups and rings
			CO4[K4]:	examine the properties of groups, rings and integral domains
			CO5[K5]:	asses the structure of groups and rings
			CO1[K1]:	describe the basic elements of real analysis
			CO2[K2]:	explain the basic concepts and proof techniques in real analysis
		Core Course – X : Real	CO3[K3]:	apply the abstract concepts to produce proofs of results that arise inthe
20.	23UMAC52	Analysis		context of real analysis
			CO4[K4]:	explore the characterization of connected, complete, compact
				metricspaces and the properties of derivatives and integrals of functions

			CO5[K5]:	determine the continuity and convergence of functions on metric spaces, the connectedness, completeness, compactness, boundedness of sets in a metric space, the derivative and integral of functions onmetric spaces
21.	23UMAC53	Core Course – XI : Mathematical Modelling	CO1[K1]: CO2[K2]: CO3[K3]: CO4[K4]: CO5[K5]:	recognize the basics of mathematical modeling identify and simplify the real-world problem situation construct a mathematical model of real-world problems and solve themodel using differential and difference equations interpret the mathematical models of the real-world problems validate the mathematical model of the real-world problems
22.	23UMAJ51	Core Course – XII: Project with Viva Voce	CO1[K2]: CO2[K3]: CO3[K4]: CO4[K5]: CO5[K6]:	express their views with apt illustrations and critical support organize the views and format them into a research paper analyze the views which take about various approaches to the definition terms evaluate the findings of the study compile the Documentation as per the latest Research Methodology
23.	23UMAO5P	Elective Courses Generic/Discipline Specific - V: Programming in C with Practical	CO1[K1]: CO2[K2]: CO3[K3]: CO4[K4]: CO5[K5]:	identify the basic concepts of the programming language C classify the operations of input, output and decision making statements apply the concepts of functions and arrays for efficient execution oftask analyze the various methods of solving a problem and choose the bestmethod evaluate the importance and usage of various concepts of pointers
24.	23UMA05Q	Elective Courses Generic/ Discipline	CO1[K1]: CO2[K2]:	outline the basic concepts of PHP understand the basics of PHP functions, forms and expressions

		Specific - V: PHP Programming with Practical	CO3[K3]: CO4[K4]: CO5[K5]:	illustrate the concepts of server variables and debug the errors examine the importance and usage of various expressions and forms design and create a web page using form elements to build a challenging subsystem
25.	23UMA051	Elective Courses Generic/ Discipline Specific - VI: Optimization Techniques	CO1[K1]: CO2[K2]: CO3[K3]: CO4[K4]: CO5[K5]:	state the terms, tools and techniques of solving optimization problems explain the solution procedure for solving linear programmingproblems, game theory problems and queueing theory problems find the optimal solution of linear programming problems, problems ingame theory and queueing theory examine the optimality of solutions of optimization problems determine an appropriate method of solving linear programmingproblems, problems in game theory and queueing theory
26.	23UMA052	Elective Courses Generic/Discipline Specific - VI: Integral Transforms & Z Transforms	CO1[K1]: CO2[K2]: CO3[K3]: CO4[K4]: CO5[K5]:	describe the boundary value and initial value problems explain the general form and properties of various integral transforms find the Fourier, Hilbert, Stieltjes, Hankel and Z-Transform of givenfunctions analyze the properties of integral transforms determine the appropriate integral transform that simplifies thecomputational techniques considerably
27.	23UMAJ52	INTERNSHIP/INDUST RIAL TRAINING	CO1[K1]: CO2[K3]: CO3[K4]: CO4[K5]:	identify different career paths within the industry and gain insights into potential future roles apply theoretical concepts and academic knowledge to real-world situations and challenges encountered during the internship analyse problems, generate innovative solutions, and make informeddecisions evaluate how to manage time effectively and prioritize tasks to

			CO5[K6]:	meetdeadlines and deliver quality work create a portfolio of the work, projects, and achievements during theinternship		
	SEMESTER- VI					
			CO1[K1]:	describe the important topics of linear algebra		
			СО2[К2]:	explain the basic concepts and general theory of vector spaces, innerproduct spaces and matrices		
	8. 23UMAC61 Core Course – XIII : Linear Algebra CO4[K	CO3[K3]:	apply the abstract concepts to produce proofs of results that arise inthe context of linear algebra			
28.			CO4[K4]:	interpret the matrix representation of system of linear equations andlinear transformations, Cayley-Hamilton theorem and Gram-Schmidt orthogonolization process		
			CO5[K5]:	determine linear span of a set, basis and dimension of a vector space,matrix representation of a linear transformation, orthogonal basis of an inner product space, eigen values and eigen vectors of a matrix		
			CO1[K1]:	describe the elementary topics in complex analysis		
			CO2[K2]:	explain the basic concepts and properties of functions of complexvariables		
29.	23UMAC62	Core Course – XIV : Complex Analysis	CO3[K3]:	apply the abstract concepts to produce proofs of results that arise inthe context of complex analysis		
			CO4[K4]:	analyze the behaviour of analytic functions and conformal maps,convergence of sequences and series of functions of complex variables		

			CO5[K5]:	determine the continuity, differentiability, integrability of complexfunctions, series expansion of analytic functions in the region ofconvergence, zeros and poles of analytic functions	
			CO1[K1]:	describe the basic terminologies of mechanics	
			CO2[K2]:	explain the fundamental concepts and principles of mechanics	
30.	23UMAC63	Core Course – XV: Mechanics	CO3[K3]:	apply the principles and methods of mechanics to find the resultant offorces on bodies concerned in statics and kinematic quantities ofprojectile motion	
			CO4[K4]: investigate the motion of a particle under action of various force	investigate the motion of a particle under action of various forces	
			CO5[K5]:	evaluate the fundamental laws of mechanics	
			CO1[K1]:	describe the basic terminologies of graph theory	
		Elective Courses	CO2[K2]:	apply the abstract concepts to produce proofs of results that arise inthe	
31.	23UMA061	Generic/Discipline Specific - VII:Graph	CO3[K3]:		
		Theory and Applications	CO4[K4]:	examine the characterizations of various graphs	
			CO5[K5]:	determine connectivity, traversability, planarity, cutpoints, bridges,blocks of a graph and various operations on graphs	
			CO1[K1]:	describe terminologies related to functions, recurrence relations, logic,semigroups, monoids	
		Elective Courses Generic/ Discipline	CO2[K2]:	explain the basic concepts related to functions, semigroups, monoids,recurrence relation, logic	
32.	23UMA062	Specific - VII: Discrete Mathematics	CO3[K3]:	find the inverse and composition of functions, solution of recurrencerelations, truth values of propositional statements, normal forms oflogical statements	
			CO4[K4]:	analyze the types of functions, the axioms and properties of thealgebraic structures semigroups and monoids, recurrence relations of sequences,	

			7	tautological implications and the theory of inference
				validate the equivalence of logic formulae, homomorphism
			CO5[K5]:	andisomorphism of semigroups and monoids, the generating functions
			cooluoli	ofrecurrence relations
				outline the C++ programming fundamentals and the concepts of object-
			CO1[K1]:	oriented programming like object and class, Encapsulation, inheritance
]]-	and polymorphism.
		Elective Courses		explain the control structures, types of constructors, inheritance and
		Generic/ Discipline	CO2[K2]:	different type conversion mechanisms
33.	23UMA06P	Specific -	CO3[K3]:	use C++ codes efficiently to develop programs
		VIII: Programming in C++ with Practical		analyze the importance of object oriented programming features like
		CO4[K4]: polymorphism, reusability, generic programming the usage of exception handling	CO4[K4]:	polymorphism, reusability, generic programming, data abstraction and
			the usage of exception handling	
			COFINEL	determine the use of object oriented features such as classes,
			CO5[K5]:	overloading to develop C++ programs for complex problems.
			CO1[K1]:	outline the basic concepts in python language.
			CO3[W3]	interpret different looping and conditional statements in python
		Elective Courses	CO2[K2]:	language.
		Generic/Discipline	CO3[K3]:	apply the various data types and identify the usage of control
34.	23UMA06Q	Specific - VIII:Programming in	cos[ks].	statements, loops, functions.
		Python with Practical	CO4[K4]:	analyze and solve problems using basic constructs and techniques
		,	COTINTJ.	ofpython.
			CO5[K5]:	assess the approaches used in the development of interactive
				application.
		Skill Enhancement	CO1[K1]:	describe the features of Matlab, Maple, Scilab
35.	23UMAS6P	Course – IX:	CO2[K2]:	explain the basics of Matlab, Maple, Scilab
		Professional	CO3[K3]:	use Matlab, Maple, Scilabcodings/commands to do mathematical

Competency Skill:]	manupulations
Practical:		identify and rectify errors while running Matlab, Maple, Scilab
Computational	CO4[K4]:	programs
Mathematics	CO5[K5]:	select and manage tools of Matlab, Maple, Scilab

B.Sc. Physics / B. Sc. Chemistry

S.No	Course Code	Course Name		Course Outcomes
		SE	MESTER- I	
			CO1[K1]:	state the elementary concepts of calculus, numerical methods of solvingequations, eigen values and eigen vectors of matrices
			CO2[K2]:	explain the application of differentiation, integration and the methodof solving polynomial equations numerically
1.	23UPHA11/23UCHA11	ELECTIVE COURSE GENERIC / DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC - I:	CO3[K3]:	find the numerical solution of polynomial equations, eigen values and eigen vectors of matrices, curvature and radius of curvature of curves, area, volume and centroid of surfaces
		MATHEMATICS - I	CO4[K4]:	interpret Cayley-Hamilton theorem, Leibnitz theorem, Jacobian determinant, iterative methods of solving polynomial equations
			CO5[K5]:	determine the approximate solution of polynomial equationsnumerically,inverse, eigen values and eigenvectors of a matrix, n th derivative of afunction, curvature and radius of curvature of a curve, double and tripleintegration of integrands
	· · · · ·	SE	MESTER- II	

2.	23UPHA21/23UCHA21	ELECTIVE COURSE GENERIC / DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC - II:MATHEMATICS - II	CO1[K1]: CO2[K2]: CO3[K3]: CO4[K4]:	describe the terminologies intrigonometric functions, hyperbolic functions, partialdifferentiation, vector calculus and interpolation explain the elementary concepts of trigonometric functions, hyperbolicfunctions, partial differentiation, vector calculus and interpolation find out the expansions of trigonometric functions, the missing valuesofgiven data, divergence and curl of the vector field, partial differentiation of functions characterize the properties of divergence and curl, hyperbolic functions and partial derivatives of functions determine the missing values of given data, partial
			CO5[K5]:	

B.Sc. Computer Science/Computer Science (Cloud Computing and Cyber Security)

S.No	Course Code	Course Name		Course Outcomes		
	SEMESTER- I					
1.	23UCSA11 /23UCYA11	ELECTIVE COURSE GENERIC / DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC - I:DISCRETE MATHEMATICS - I	CO1[K1]: CO2[K2]:	define the discrete objects in the context of mathematical structures forcomputer science and applications recognizethepropertiesofsetoperations, relations and functions, matrix operations, logic statements, various graphs		
		CO3[K3]:	compute various operations on sets, relations, functions, matrices, graphs and truth values of logic statements			

			CO4[K4]:	classify the types of relations, functions, matrices, logic statements and graphs
			CO5[K5]:	assess the equivalency of relations, invertibility of
				functions,
				tautologicalimplications and equivalence of logic
				formulae, the
				method of solving graph optimization problems
		SE	MESTER- II	
			CO1[K1]:	state the basic terminologies of linear programming
				problem,
				transportation problem, assignment problem, curve fitting, numerical solutions of polynomial equations
			CO2[K2]:	explain the methods of solving linear programming
			CO2[K2].	problem,
				transportationproblem, assignment problem, fitting
				curve for given data, solving polynomial equations
				numerically
	00110CA04 /	ELECTIVE COURSE	CO3[K3]:	find optimal solution of linear programming problem,
2.	23UCSA21 / 23UCYA21	GENERIC / DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC - II:DISCRETE		transportation problem, assignment problem, numerical
	230CIA21	MATHEMATICS – II		solution of polynomial equations and a curve that best
				fit the given data
			CO4[K4]:	examine the optimality of solutions of linear
				programming problem, transportation problem,
				assignment problem and the empirical relation of given
			COFFEE	data
		CO5[K5]:	asses the method of finding the optimal solution of	
			linear programming problem, transportation problem,	
			assignment problem,the curve that best fit the given data, the numerical solution ofpolynomial equations	
		CF	MESTER- II	
3.	23UCSA31/23UCYA31		CO1[K1]:	describe the basic concepts in numerical analysis
э.	23003A31/23001A31	ELECTIVE COURSE		acserise the suste concepts in numerical analysis

GENERIC / DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC - III: NUMERICAL METHODS	CO2[K2]: explain the methods of solving algebraic, transcendental, differential equations numerically, finding numerical differentiation and integration and interpolating values
	CO3[K3]: apply numerical methods to obtain approximate solutions of algebraic, transcendental and differential equations, numerical differentiationandintegration of given functions, missing values of given data
	CO4[K4]: examine the numerical solution of algebraic, transcendental differential equations, numerical differentiation and integration of functions and interpolating values of the given data
	CO5[K5]: determine the appropriate method of solving algebraic, transcendental differential equations numerically, finding missing values of a given data, interpolating the given data

S.No	Course Code	Course Name	Course Outcomes			
	SEMESTER- I					
1.	23UCAA11	ELECTIVE COURSE GENERIC / DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC - I:DISCRETE	CO1[K1]: CO2[K2]:	define the discrete objects in the context of mathematical structures forcomputer science and applications recognizethepropertiesofsetoperations, relations and functions, matrix operations, logic statements, various graphs		
		MATHEMATICS – I		compute various operations on sets, relations, functions, matrices, graphs and truth values of logic statements classify the types of relations, functions, matrices, logic		

			CO5[K5]:	statements and graphs assess the equivalency of relations, invertibility of functions, tautologicalimplications and equivalence of logic formulae, the method of solving graph optimization problems
			SEMES	TER- II
			CO1[K1]:	state the basic terminologies of linear programming problem, transportation problem and assignment problem
		ELECTIVE COURSE	CO2[K2]:	explain the methods of solving linear programming problem, transportation problem and assignment problem
2.	GENERIC/ DISCIPLINE	GENERIC/ DISCIPLINE	CO3[K3]:	find optimal solution of linear programming problem, transportation problem and assignment problem
		CO4[K4]:	examine the optimality of solutions of linear programming problem, transportation problem and assignment problem	
			CO5[K5]:	determine the appropriate method of finding the optimal solution of linear programming problem, transportation problem and assignment problem

B.Sc(IT)

S.No	Course Code	Course Name	Course Outcomes			
	SEMESTER- I					
1.	23UITA11	ELECTIVE COURSE GENERIC / DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC - I:DISCRETE	CO1[K1]: CO2[K2]:	define the discrete objects in the context of mathematical structures forcomputer science and applications recognize the properties of set operations, relations and functions, matrix operations, logic statements, various graphs		
		MATHEMATICS – I	CO3[K3]: CO4[K4]:	compute various operations on sets, relations, functions, matrices, graphs and truth values of logic statements classify the types of relations, functions, matrices, logic		

			CO5[K5]:	statements and graphs assess the equivalency of relations, invertibility of functions, tautologicalimplications and equivalence of logic formulae, the method of solving graph optimization problems
			SEMEST	TER- II
2.	23UITA21	ELECTIVE COURSE GENERIC / DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC - II:DISCRETE	CO1[K1]: CO2[K2]: CO3[K3]:	transportation problem, assignment problem, curve fitting, numerical solutions of polynomial equations
		MATHEMATICS - II	CO4[K4]:	examine the optimality of solutions of linear programming problem,transportation problem, assignment problem and the empirical relation of given data
		CO5[K5]:	asses the method of finding the optimal solution of linear programming problem, transportation problem, assignment problem, the curve that best fit the given data, the numerical solution ofpolynomial equations	